Probability in 2D problem set 2 Due date: December 26, 2016

1. Let G be a transitive infinite connected graph and let ρ be an arbitrary vertex of G. For an integer r > 0 denote by $\partial B_{\rho}(r)$ the set of vertices which have graph distance r to ρ . Consider bond percolation on G with $p_c = p_c(G)$. Show that

$$\mathbb{E}\big|\{v\in\partial B_{\rho}(r):\rho\longleftrightarrow v\big\}\big|\geq 1\,.$$

2. Consider bond percolation in the box $\{-n, \ldots, n\}^3 \subset \mathbb{Z}^3$ with $p = p_c(\mathbb{Z}^3)$. Show that there exists constants c_1, c_2 such that for all n

$$\mathbf{P}((0,0,0)\longleftrightarrow(n,n,n)) \ge c_1 e^{-c_2 \log^2(n)}.$$

- 3. Consider bond percolation in the slab $\{1, \ldots, n\} \times \{1, \ldots, n\} \times \{1, \ldots, n/3\} \subset \mathbb{Z}^3$ with $p = p_c(\mathbb{Z}^3)$. Denote by p_n the probability that there is an open path crossing the slab in the third coordinate. Show that there exists a constant c > 0 such that $p_n \ge c$ for all n.
- 4. Let $\operatorname{Maj}_1 : \{0,1\}^3 \to \{0,1\}$ be the majority boolean function on 3 bits. Recursively define for $n \geq 2$ the function $\operatorname{Maj}_n : \{0,1\}^{3^n} \to \{0,1\}$ by setting

$$y_1 = (x_1, \dots, x_{3^{n-1}})$$

$$y_2 = (x_{3^{n-1}+1}, \dots, x_{2 \cdot 3^{n-1}})$$

$$y_3 = (x_{2 \cdot 3^{n-1}+1}, \dots, x_{3^n})$$

and putting

 $\operatorname{Maj}_{n}(x_{1},\ldots,x_{3^{n}}) = \operatorname{Maj}_{1}(\operatorname{Maj}_{n-1}(y_{1}),\operatorname{Maj}_{n-1}(y_{2}),\operatorname{Maj}_{n-1}(y_{3})).$

Is Maj_n asymptotically noise-sensitive? Prove your claim.

5. A boolean function $f : \{0,1\}^n \to \{0,1\}$ is called *transitive* if for any $i, j \in [n]$ there exists a permutation $\sigma \in S_n$ of [n] such that $\sigma(i) = j$ and such that for any $x \in \{0,1\}^n$ we have that $f(x_1,\ldots,x_n) = f(x_{\sigma(1)},\ldots,x_{\sigma(n)})$. Show that there exists some constant c > 0 (independent of n) such that any randomized adaptive algorithm A determining a balanced (i.e., $\mathbb{E}f = 1/2$) transitive boolean function f has revealment $\delta_A \ge cn^{-1/2}$.