## Graph Theory

Homework assignment \#2
Due date: Sunday, December 10, 2017

Problem 1. Prove that every two paths of maximum length in a connected graph must have a vertex in common.

Problem 2. Prove that a graph is 2 -connected if and only if for any three vertices $x, y$, and $z$, there is a path from $x$ to $z$ that passes through $y$.

Problem 3. Let $G$ be a 3-regular graph. Prove that $\kappa(G)=\kappa^{\prime}(G)$.
Problem 4. Show that every $k$-connected graph with at least $2 k$ vertices contains a cycle of length at least $2 k$.

Problem 5. Show that every 3 -connected non-bipartite graph contains at least four odd cycles.
Problem 6. Let $G$ be a connected graph with $n$ vertices. Prove that $G$ contains a path of length $\min \{2 \delta(G), n-1\}$.

Problem 7. Let $G$ be a non-bipartite graph with $n$ vertices. Show that $G$ has an odd cycle of length at most $\max \{3,2 n / \delta(G)\}$.

Problem 8. A tournament is a complete graph in which each edge $u v$ is given a direction, either from $u$ to $v$ or from $v$ to $u$. Show that a tournament must contain a Hamiltonian path, that is, a directed path through all the vertices. Must it contain a Hamiltonian cycle?

## Please do NOT submit written solutions to the following exercises:

Exercise 1. Show that the block graph of a connected graph is a tree.
Exercise 2. Let $G$ be a graph and let $A \subseteq V(G)$. Let $H$ be the graph obtained from $G$ by adding to it a new vertex $v$ with $N_{H}(v)=A$. Show that $\kappa(H) \geqslant \min \{|A|, \kappa(G)\}$.

Exercise 3. Prove that $G$ contains the path of length two as an induced subgraph if and only if $G$ is not a union of vertex-disjoint complete graphs.

Exercise 4. Prove that every connected graph has a vertex that is not a cutvertex.

