

Replacement product $\Gamma \curvearrowright \mathbb{R}^N$

$$G_i = (V_i, D_i, \lambda_i)$$

$$H \oplus_{\mathbb{R}} \left(\begin{smallmatrix} V_2 \\ H_2 \end{smallmatrix} \right) \oplus_{\mathbb{R}} (D_2, \lambda_2)$$

$$V_1 \oplus V_2 \quad H \quad H_2 \quad G_1 \oplus_{\mathbb{R}} H$$

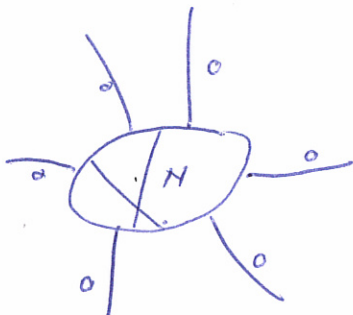
$$D_2+1 \quad \geq 3N$$

$$\text{Rot}_{G_1 \oplus_{\mathbb{R}} H} \left((v, h), i \right) = \begin{cases} ((v, h'), 0) & i=0 \\ ((v, h'), i') & i \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Rot}_G(v, h) = (v', h')$$

$$\text{Rot}_H(h, i) = (h', i')$$

$$? \quad \bar{\lambda}(G \oplus H) \quad \mathbb{R}^N$$



Zig Zag displacement product $\in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$

$$G = (V_1, D_1, \lambda_1) \quad H$$

$$H = (V_2 = [D_1], D_2, \lambda_2)$$

$$D_2 \quad \text{rotation} \quad G \otimes H = (V, E) \quad \text{etc}$$

$$V = V_1 \otimes V_2 \quad \text{etc}$$

$$\text{Rot}_{G \otimes H}((V_1, V_2), (i_1, i_2)) = ((V_1', V_2'''), (i_2', i_1'))$$

$$\text{Rot}_H(V_2, i_1) = (V_2', i_1')$$

$$\text{Rot}_G(V_1, V_2') = (V_1', V_2'')$$

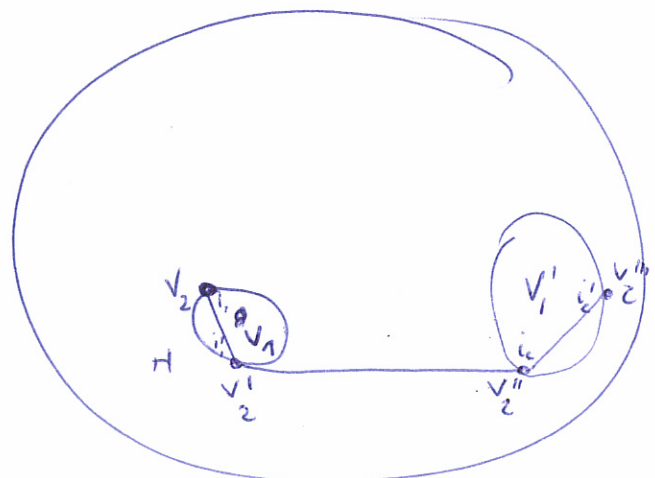
$$\text{Rot}_H(V_2'', i_2) = (V_2''', i_2')$$

H is 3D

(com(3)) $\text{H} \otimes G$ is 3D

H is 3D

Zig-Zag



$$G_1 \quad (N_1, D_1, \lambda_1) \quad \text{h/c} \quad \text{②} \text{ } \text{③} \text{ } \text{④}$$

$$G_2 \quad (N_2=D_1, D_2, \lambda_2)$$

$$G_1 \otimes G_2 \quad (N_1, D_1, P_2^2, f(\lambda_1, \lambda_2)) \quad \text{J/c}$$

$$\gamma \geq \gamma_1 \gamma_2^2 \quad \text{J/c}$$

לראות שזה נכון

לראות שזה נכון
 $f(\lambda_1, \lambda_2) \leq 1 - (1-\lambda_1)(1-\lambda_2)^2$
 $\gamma_1 \geq \gamma_1 \gamma_2^2$

$$\begin{cases} \gamma = 1 - f(\lambda_1, \lambda_2) \\ \gamma_1 = 1 - \lambda_1 \\ \gamma_2 = 1 - \lambda_2 \end{cases} \quad \text{לראות}$$

$$f(\lambda_1, \lambda_2) \leq 1 - (1-\lambda_1)(1-\lambda_2)^2 \quad \text{לראות}$$

$$= 1 - (1-\lambda_1)(1-2\lambda_2 + \lambda_2^2)$$

$$\leq 1 - (1-\lambda_1)(1-2\lambda_2)$$

$$= \lambda_1 + 2\lambda_2 - 2\lambda_1\lambda_2$$

$$\leq \boxed{\lambda_1 + 2\lambda_2}$$

$$G_1 \quad (v \rightarrow (M) \rightarrow 3.7C_n \quad A \quad (10) \quad \underline{10/10/10}$$

$$G_2 \quad " \quad " \quad " \quad B$$

$$G_1 \oplus Z_2 \quad " \quad " \quad " \quad M$$

$$\text{Rotation map } \tilde{A} \rightarrow \tilde{B} \text{ (in } \mathbb{R}^3 \text{)} - \tilde{A}$$

$$(\text{for } A \text{ and } B \text{ in } \mathbb{R}^3) \quad \tilde{B} = I \otimes B$$

$$M = (I \otimes B) \tilde{A} (I \otimes B) \quad J \text{ ($$

$$[N_2, D_2, \lambda_2] \quad G_2 \quad e \text{ ($$

$$e \text{ ($$

$$B = (1 - \lambda_2) J + \lambda_2 E$$

$$J = \frac{1}{N_2} \sum_{i=1}^{N_2} x_i$$

$$M = ((1 - \lambda_2) I \otimes J + \lambda_2 (I \otimes E)) \tilde{A} ((1 - \lambda_2) I \otimes J + \lambda_2 I \otimes E) \quad \text{for}$$

$$= (1 - \lambda_2)^2 (I \otimes J) \tilde{A} (I \otimes J) + F$$

$$\|F\| \leq \lambda_2 (1 - \lambda_2) + \lambda_2^2 + \lambda_2 (1 - \lambda_2)$$

$$= \lambda_2^2 + 2\lambda_2(1 - \lambda_2)$$

$$\|\tilde{A}\| = 1$$

$$\|E\| \leq 1$$

$$\|A \otimes B\| = \|A\|, \|B\|$$

התשובה היא: כן

$$(I \otimes J) \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} (I \otimes J) = A \otimes J$$

row for b

$$(I \otimes J) \tilde{A} \underbrace{(J \otimes J)}_{(v \otimes u)} \underbrace{(v \otimes u)}_{(A_v, *)}$$

$$u = \frac{1}{0.1} \rightarrow 10$$

single lot per side - per BT 303 - '14

Rot - 2500 - 10000

$G_1 \approx \int_{\mathbb{R}^2}$

~ 3-63 WJ - 707 R 710 712 714 716 718 720 722 724 726 728 730 732 734 736 738 740 742 744 746 748 750 752 754 756 758 760 762 764 766 768 770 772 774 776 778 780 782 784 786 788 790 792 794 796 798 800 802 804 806 808 810 812 814 816 818 820 822 824 826 828 830 832 834 836 838 840 842 844 846 848 850 852 854 856 858 860 862 864 866 868 870 872 874 876 878 880 882 884 886 888 890 892 894 896 898 900 902 904 906 908 910 912 914 916 918 920 922 924 926 928 930 932 934 936 938 940 942 944 946 948 950 952 954 956 958 960 962 964 966 968 970 972 974 976 978 980 982 984 986 988 990 992 994 996 998 1000

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$$\frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - 4x}}{1 - \sqrt{1 - 4x}} \right) = \ln \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - 4x}}{2}$$

$\|k\|_2$

$$M = \gamma_2^2 (A \otimes J) + (1 - \gamma_2^2) K$$

$$\bar{\lambda}(M) \leq \delta_2^2 \bar{\lambda}(A \oplus J) + (1 - \delta_2^2) \quad (1.15.10) \quad \text{m/e} \quad 251$$

$$\leq \gamma_2^2 \lambda_1 + 1 - \gamma_2^2 = \gamma_2^2 (1 - \lambda_1) + 1 - \gamma_2^2 = 1 - \gamma_2^2 \gamma_1$$

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$$G \quad (q^2, q, \frac{1}{\sqrt{q}})$$

1st map

$$G \otimes G \quad (q^4, q^2, \frac{1}{\sqrt{q}})$$

$$(G \otimes G) \otimes G \quad (q^6, q^2, \lambda_1 + 2\lambda_2 = \frac{3}{\sqrt{q}})$$

$$((G \otimes G) \otimes G) \otimes G \quad (q^8, q^2, \frac{3}{\sqrt{q}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{q}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{q}})$$

$$(D^4, D, \frac{1}{8})$$

1st map for e' 2nd

$$(D^8, D^2, \frac{1}{8})$$

חשבון המס

$$G_{t+1} = G_t^2 \oplus H$$

1.0 G_T 100C

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$t \approx 1$

$$t+1 \quad \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} \rho_{t+1}^{\text{new}}(x) dx = 1$$

$$Q^2 = (D^4, D^4, (\frac{1}{2})^2)$$

$N_2 = D_1$ 73 E/N $E_{g20g} \Rightarrow$

$$\mathcal{Q}_1^2 \oplus \mathcal{H} = \left(D^{4t}, D^4, D^2, \begin{array}{l} \lambda_1 + 2\lambda_2 \\ \frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

? - extend map to

map to use as a map

! - Rot map

$$\text{Rot}_{G_{t+1}} \left(\begin{matrix} (v, a) \\ \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\ [D^4] \quad [D^4] \end{matrix}, \begin{matrix} (i_1, i_2) \\ \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\ [D] \quad [D] \end{matrix} \right) = \left((v', a'''), (i'_1, i'_2) \right)$$

$$\text{Rot}_H(a, i_1) = \begin{matrix} (a', i'_1) \\ \uparrow \\ [D^4] \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{Rot}_{G_t^2}(v, a') = (v', a'')$$

$$\text{Rot}_H(a', i_2) = (a''', i'_2)$$

$$\text{Rot}_{G_t^2} \left(\begin{matrix} v' \\ \uparrow \\ [D^4] \end{matrix}, \begin{matrix} a'_1, a'_2 \\ \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\ [D] \quad [D] \\ \underbrace{\quad \quad}_{[D^4]} \end{matrix} \right) = (w_2, (b_1, b_2))$$

$$\text{Rot}_{G_t}(v, a'_1) = (w_1, b_1)$$

$$\text{Rot}_{G_t}(w_1, a'_2) = (w_2, b_2)$$

Time (t) vs μ

$$T_{\text{time}}(t) = 2 T_{\text{time}}(t-1) + O(1)$$

↓

ଅଧିକ ସାଧନା

$$\text{Time}(t) = O(2^t) \quad \text{for } t$$

$$= p dV(N_k) \quad N_k = 4^k$$

r/c, l'ord l'ord $G=(V,E)$ he undirected

$$dy(1) \rightarrow Rot(y, i) = \text{en}^f \quad 12$$

explicit und even 119 $G = (V, E)$ ist simply

$pdy = \mu R_L(v, c) = \text{rent paid to } L$

$$d_V(\log|V|, \log D) = 2n/5, \text{ Ref } (1) \text{ (beta)}$$

1. $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10 = 50$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10 = 50$

המשפט 1.1.1

$$H = (D^8, D, \frac{1}{8})$$

$$\sigma_1 = H^2$$

$$G_{t+1} = (G_t \otimes G_t)^2 \otimes H$$

$$(N_t, D^2, \lambda_t)$$

$$k, n, G$$

$$2\pi C$$

$$N_t \geq D^{(2^t)}$$

$$1.8$$

$$\lambda_t \leq \frac{1}{2}$$

$$1$$

המשפט 1.1.1

$$(D^8, D^2, (\frac{1}{8})^2)$$

$$k, n, G$$

$$t=1$$

$$t+1 \quad (1 \Rightarrow 1), \quad + \quad (1 \Rightarrow 1)$$

$$D^2 \quad 2\pi 3N \quad G_t$$

$$D^4 \quad " \quad G_t \otimes G_t$$

$$D^8 \quad " \quad (G_t \otimes G_t)^2$$

$$D^2 \quad 2\pi 3N \quad G_{t+1}$$

$$2\pi 3N \quad 2\pi 3N \quad 2\pi 3N$$

$$N_{t+1} = (N_t)^2 \cdot D^8 \geq N_t^2 \geq (D^{(2^t)})^2 = D^{(2^{t+1})}$$

$$\lambda_{t+1} \leq (\lambda_t (G_t \otimes G_t))^2 + 2\lambda(H) \quad |$$

$$\leq \lambda_t^2 + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{8} \leq \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

ps/p NO Time(t) /NO

$$G_{t+1} = (G_t \otimes G_t)^2 \otimes H \quad \text{rc}$$

H 383

$$(G_t \otimes G_t)^2 \quad 383$$

H 383

$$(G_t \otimes G_t)^2 \quad 383$$

$$G_t \otimes G_t \quad 1363 \quad 2 \quad 113$$

$$G_t \quad 1363 \quad 4$$

$$Time(t) = 4 \cdot Time(t-1) + O(1)$$

$$Time(t) = O(4^t) = \boxed{\text{poly}(\lg N_t)} \quad N_t \geq 4^t \quad (2^t)$$

! 1372 NO

$$\lg(N_t) \geq 2^t$$