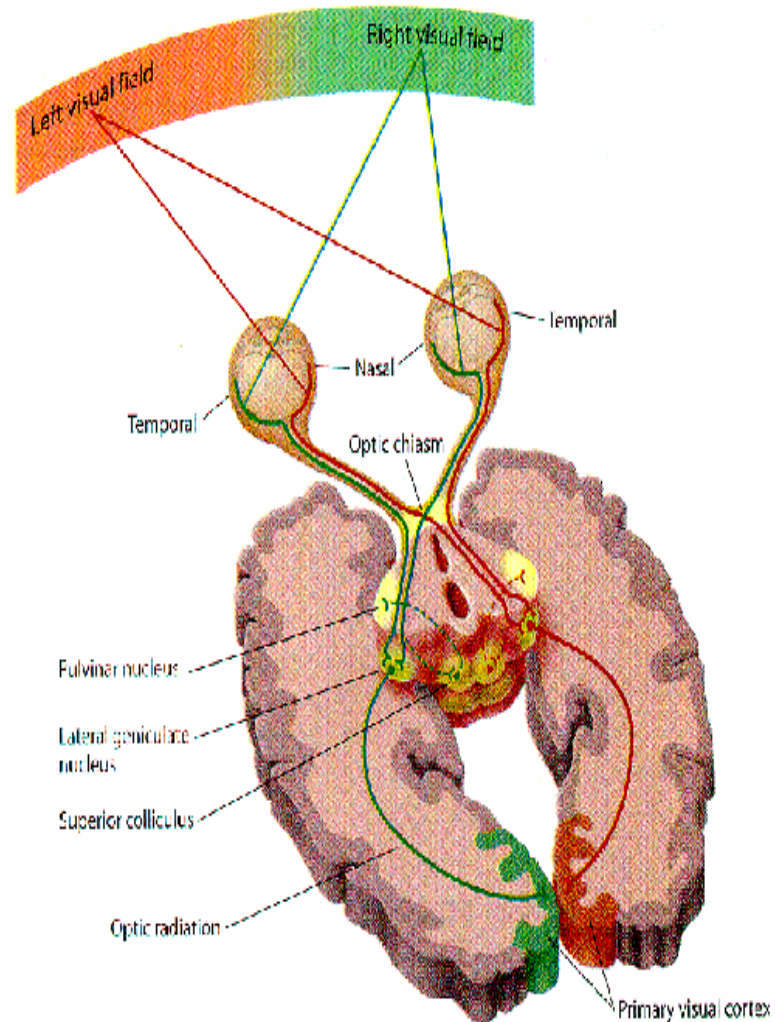


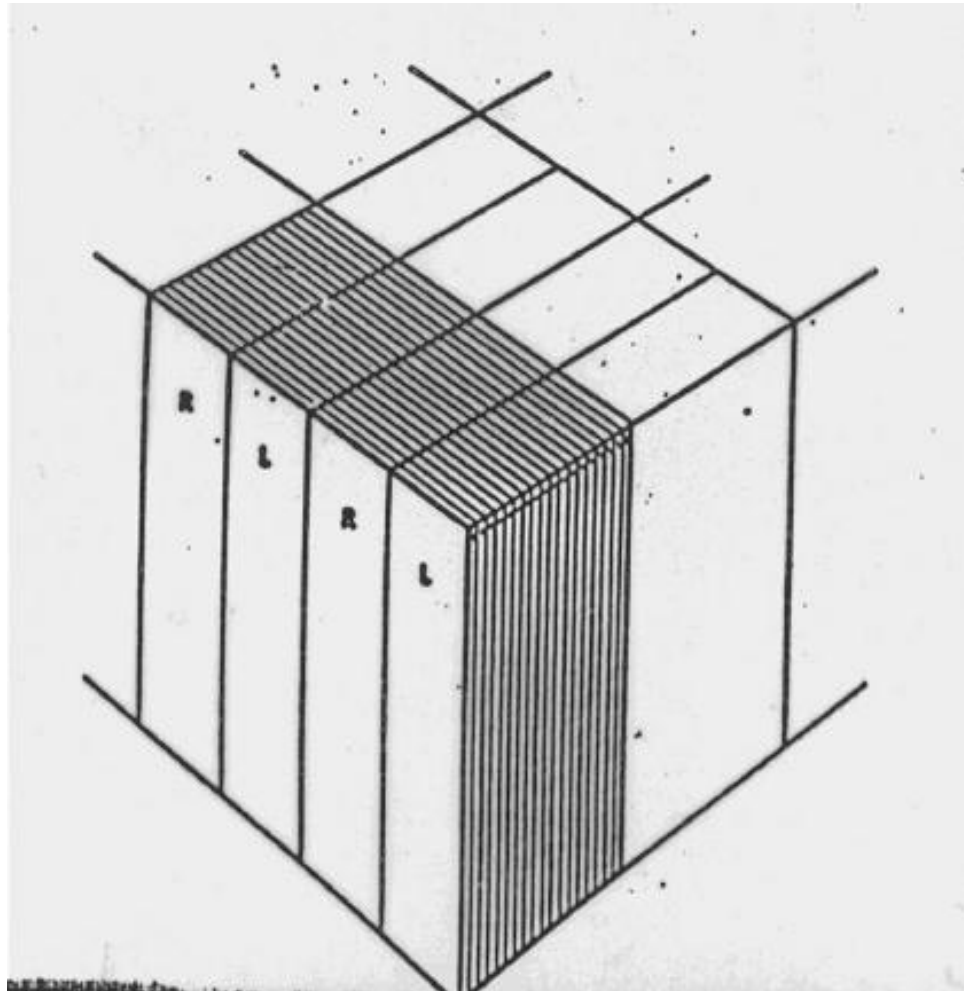
# The Visual Pathway



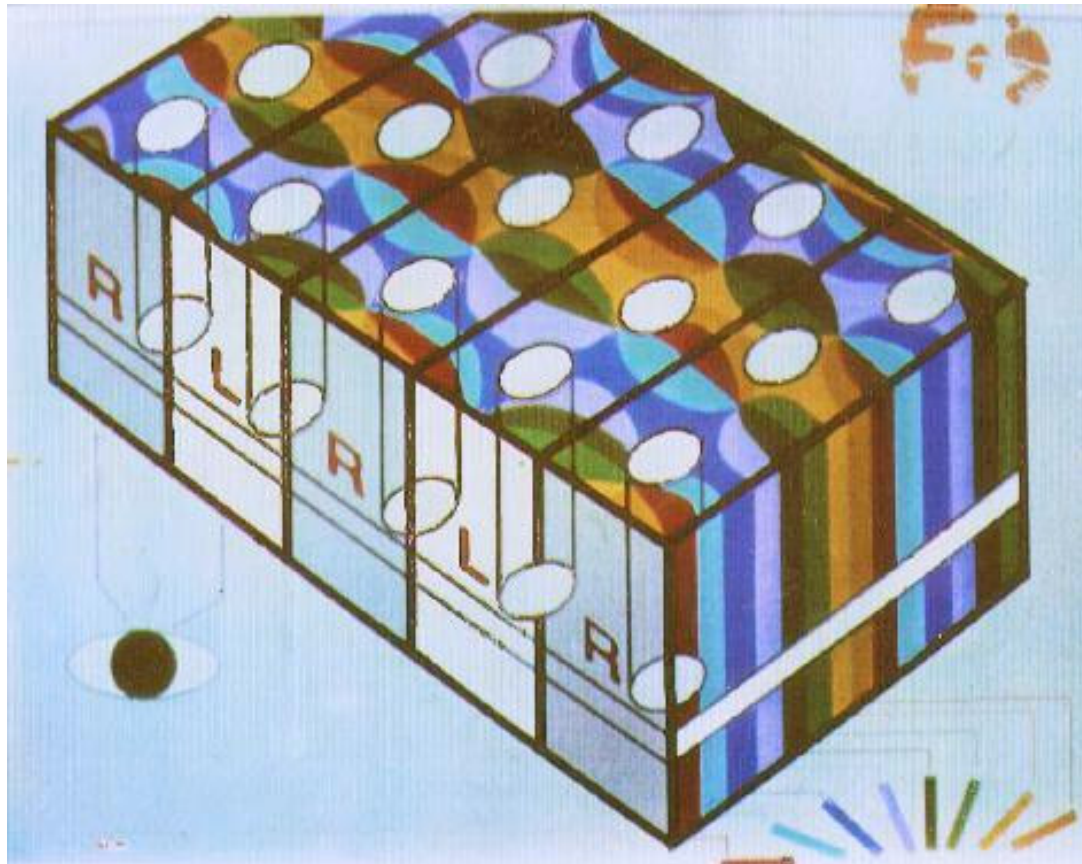
# The Visual Pathway: log mapping



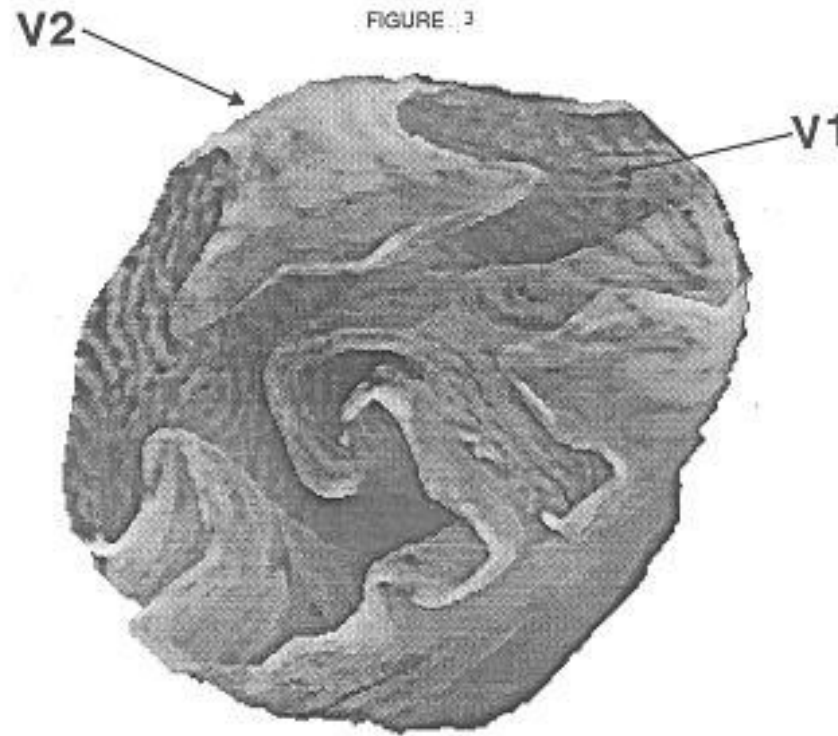
# The Visual Pathway: functional columns



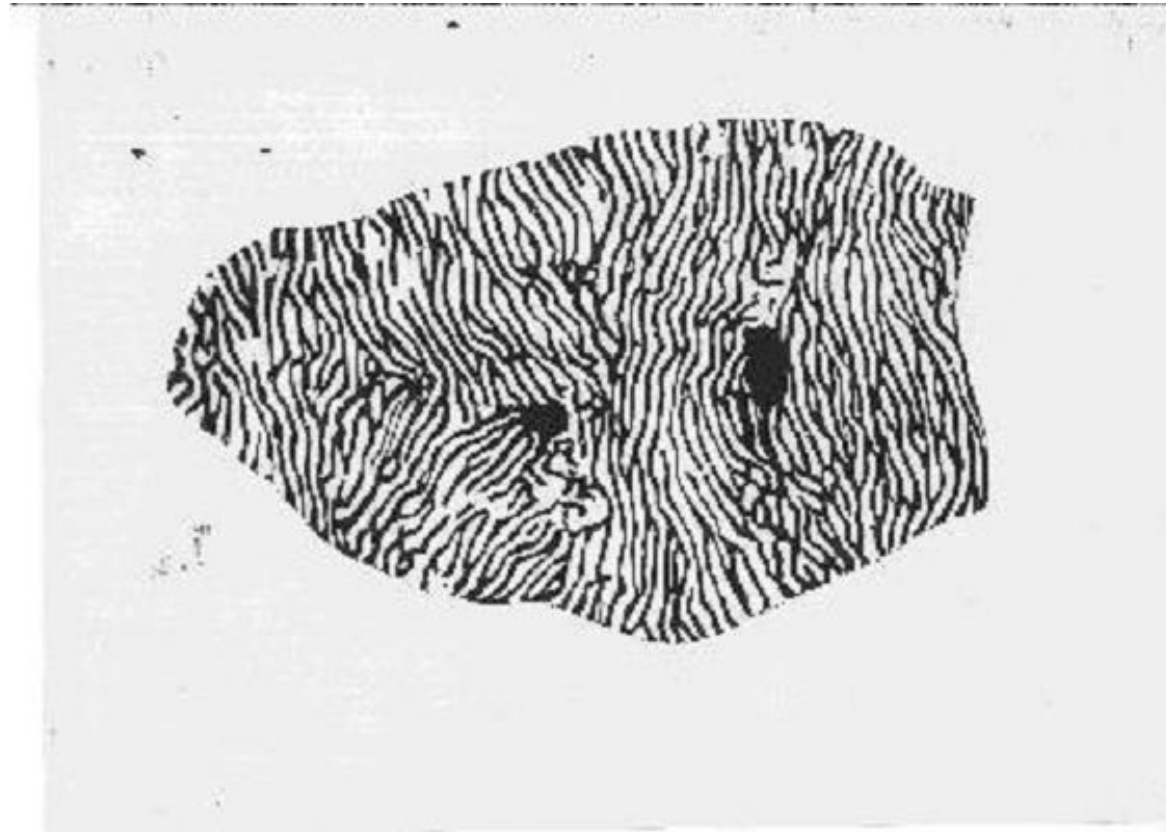
# The Visual Pathway: functional columns



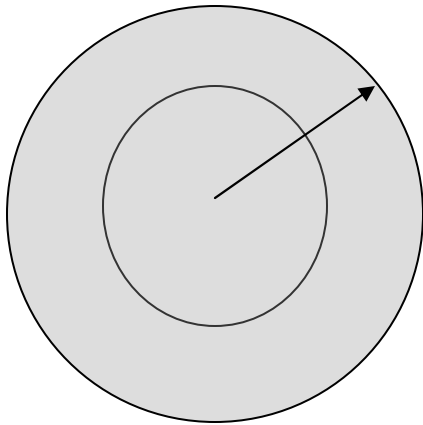
# The Visual pathway: Functional Columns



# The Visual Pathway: functional columns

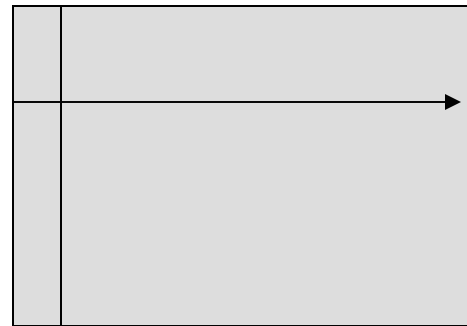


# Log Polar mapping



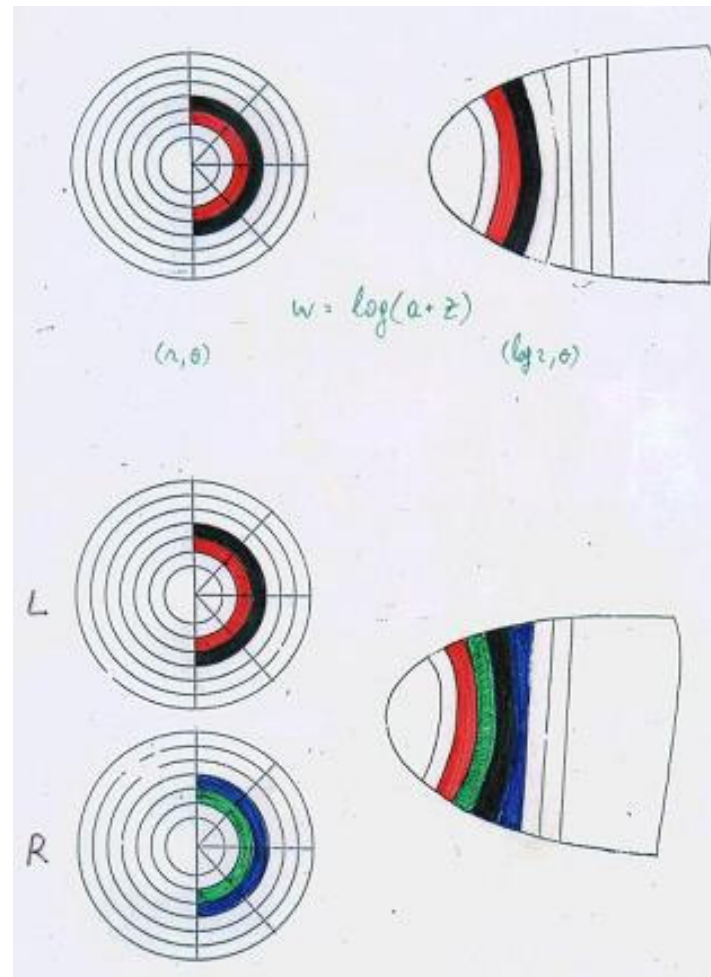
$R, O$

$O$



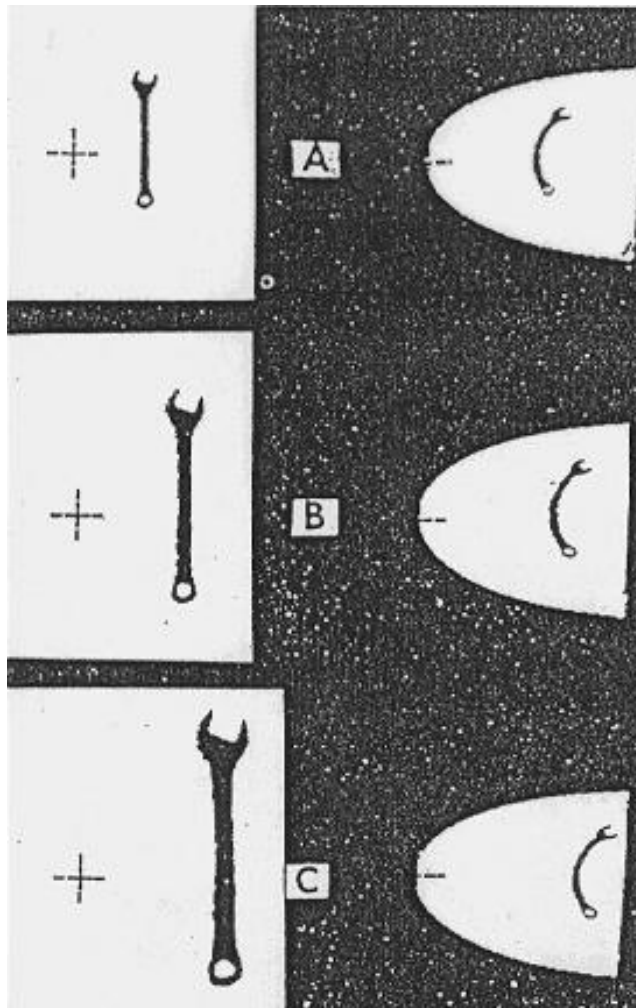
$R$

# Log Polar mapping

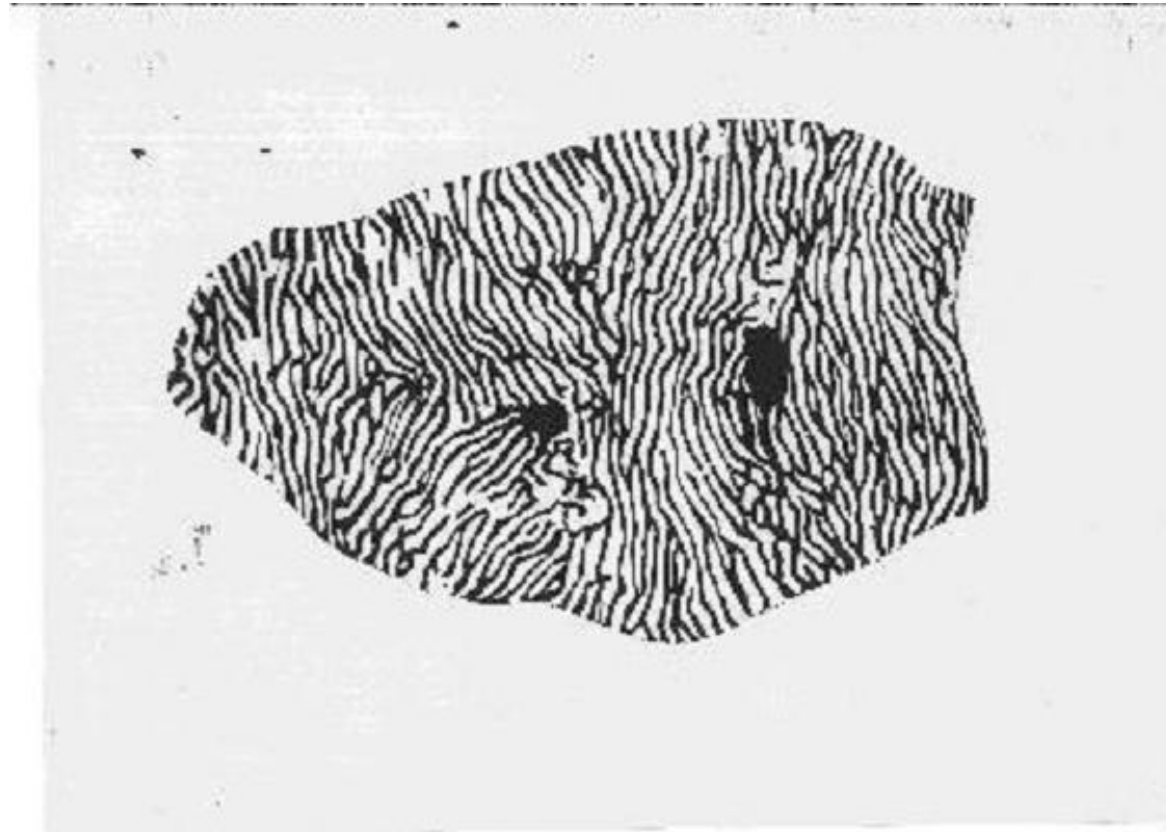




# Log Polar mapping: computational benefits

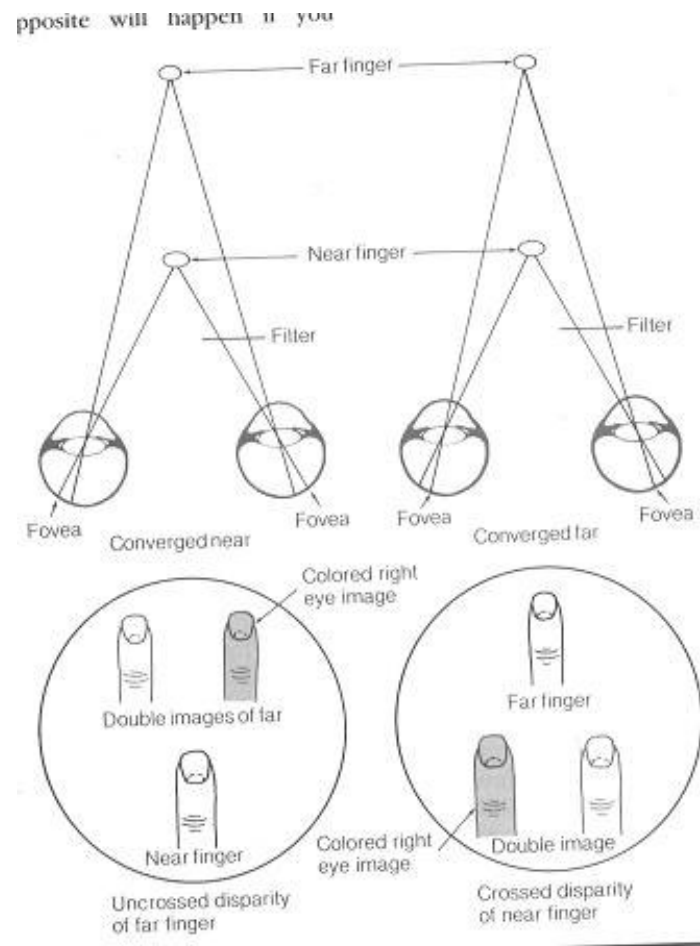


# Columnar Organization: computational benefits

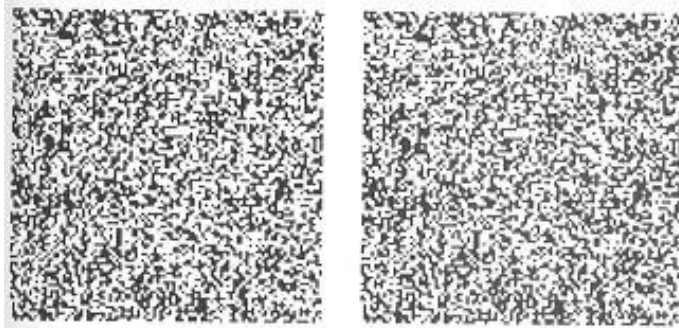


# Columnar Organization: computational benefits

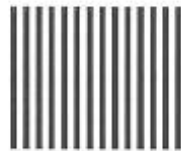
Panum's  
area:  
10 arcmin



# Columnar Organization: computational benefits



Tyler's  
limit:  
10 arcmin



Visual Acuity - 1'



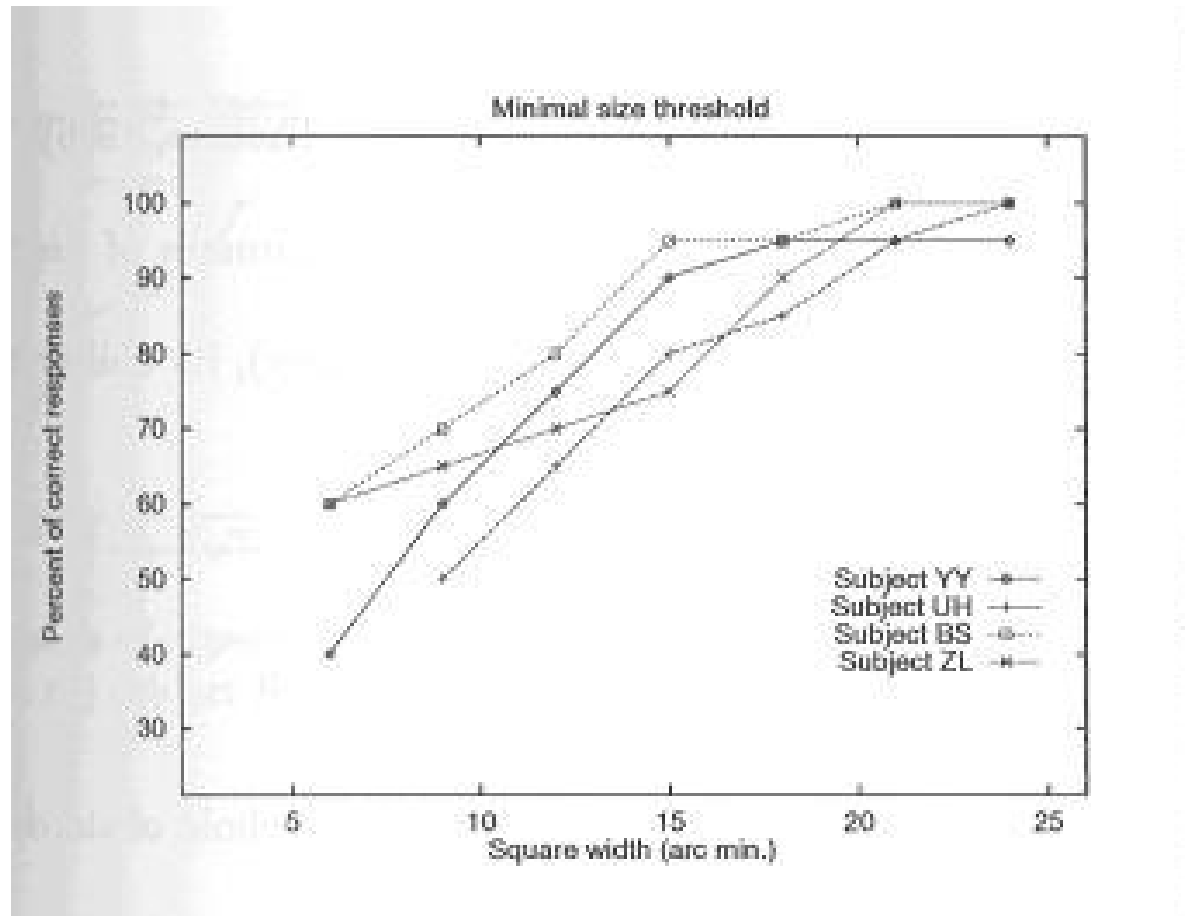
Stereo hyper acuity  
(depth) - 1''



RDS stereo grain - ?

# Columnar Organization: computational benefits

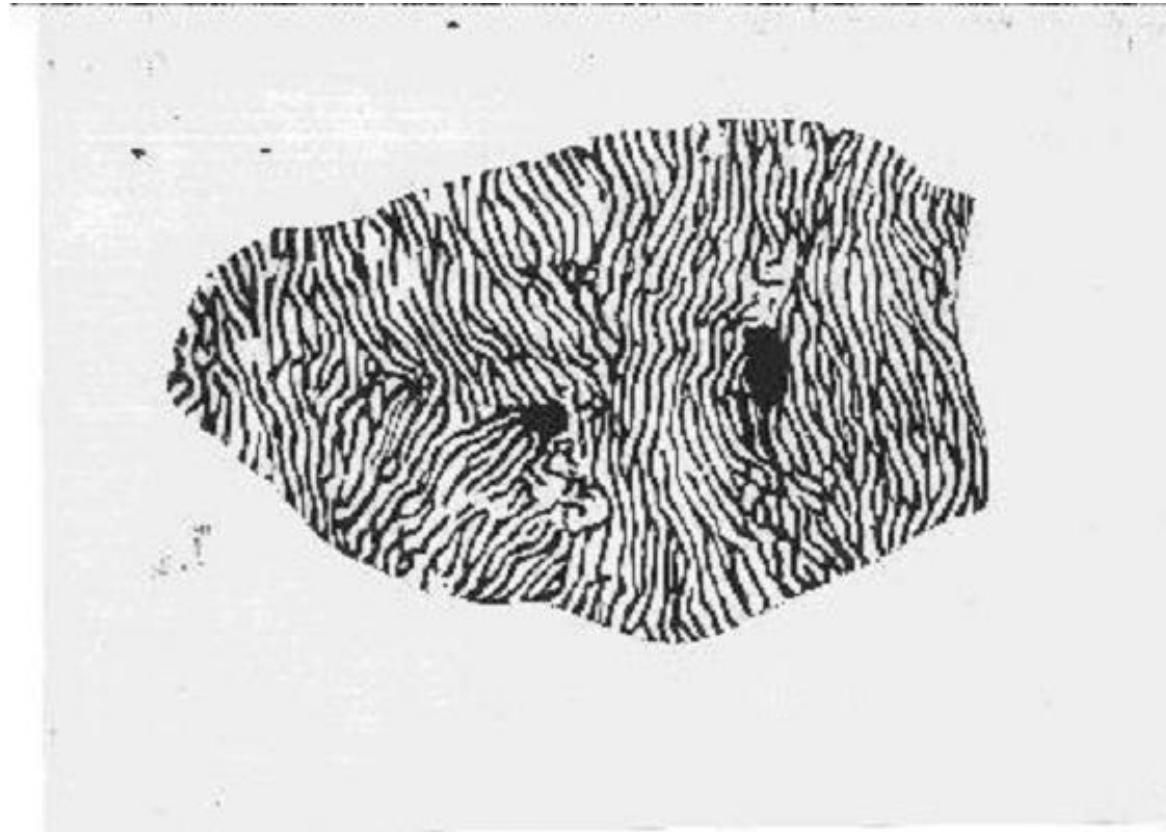
Tyler's  
limit:  
10 arcmin



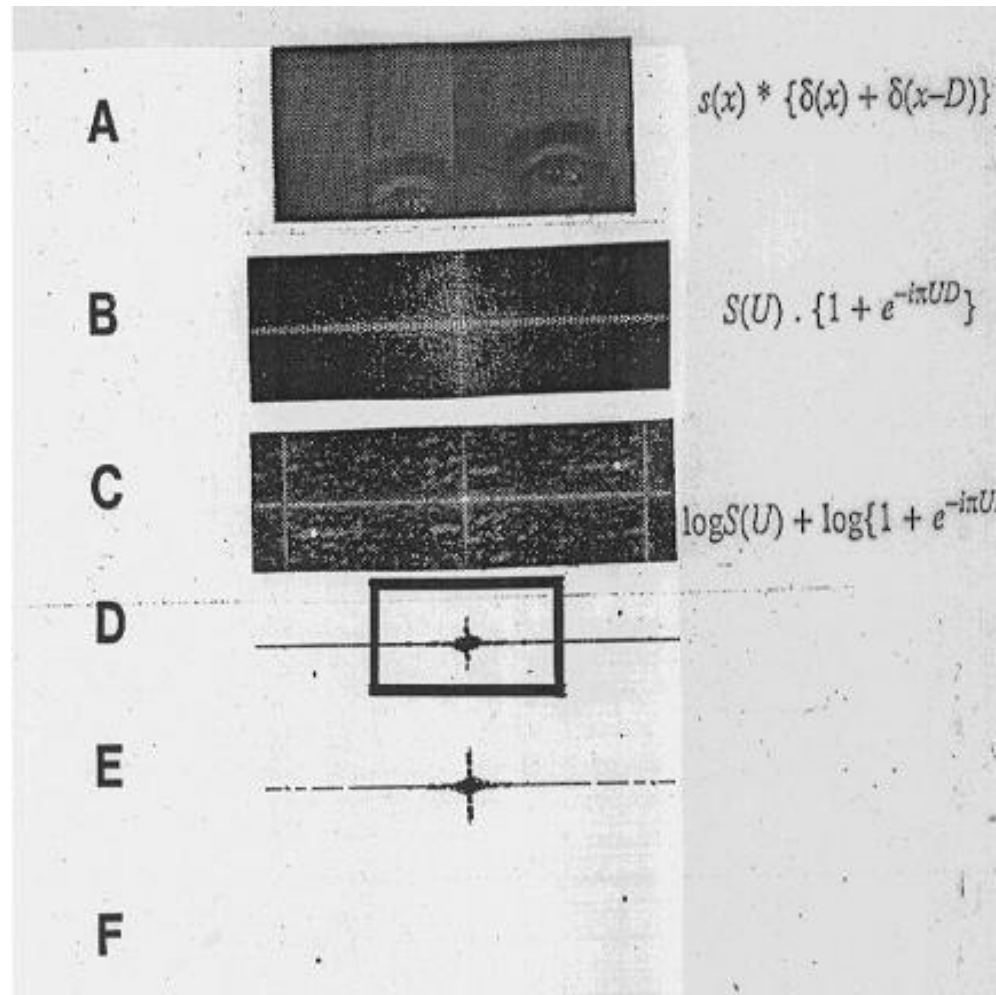
# Computational benefits

- Upper limit on disparity: 10 arcmin (Panum)
- Lower limit on disparity: 10 arcmin (Tyler)
- Cortical correlate?

# Cortical correlate of Psy data: Data Structure

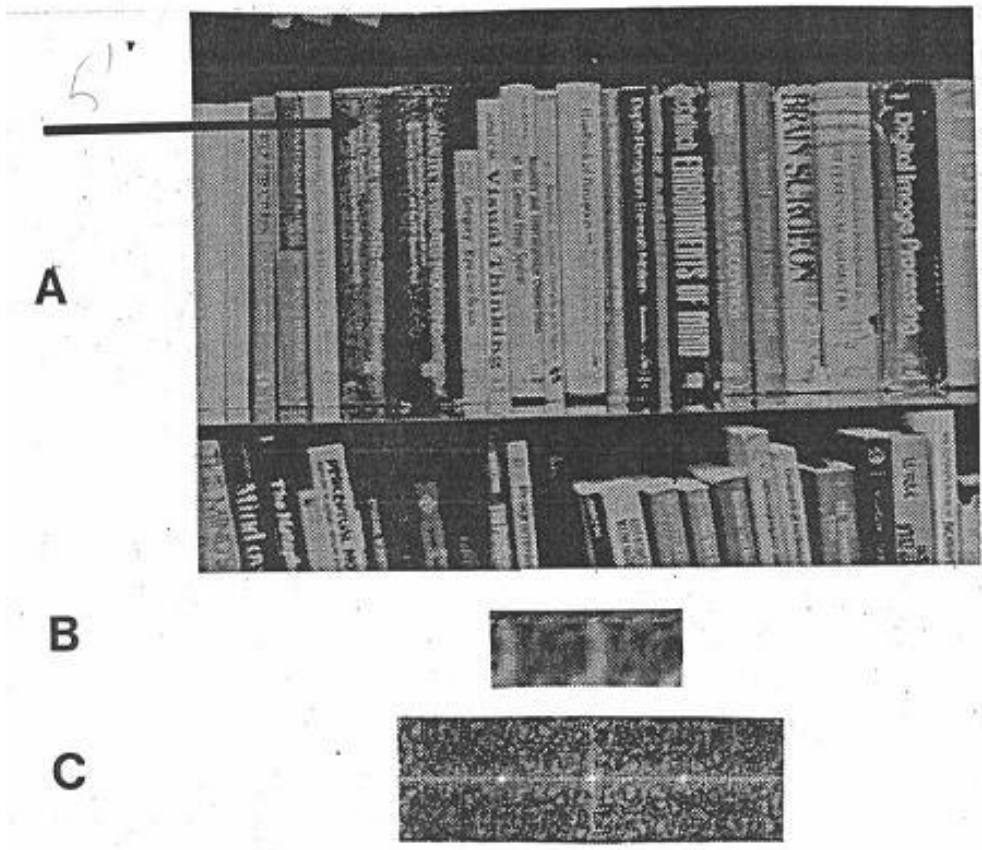


# Stereo Algorithm

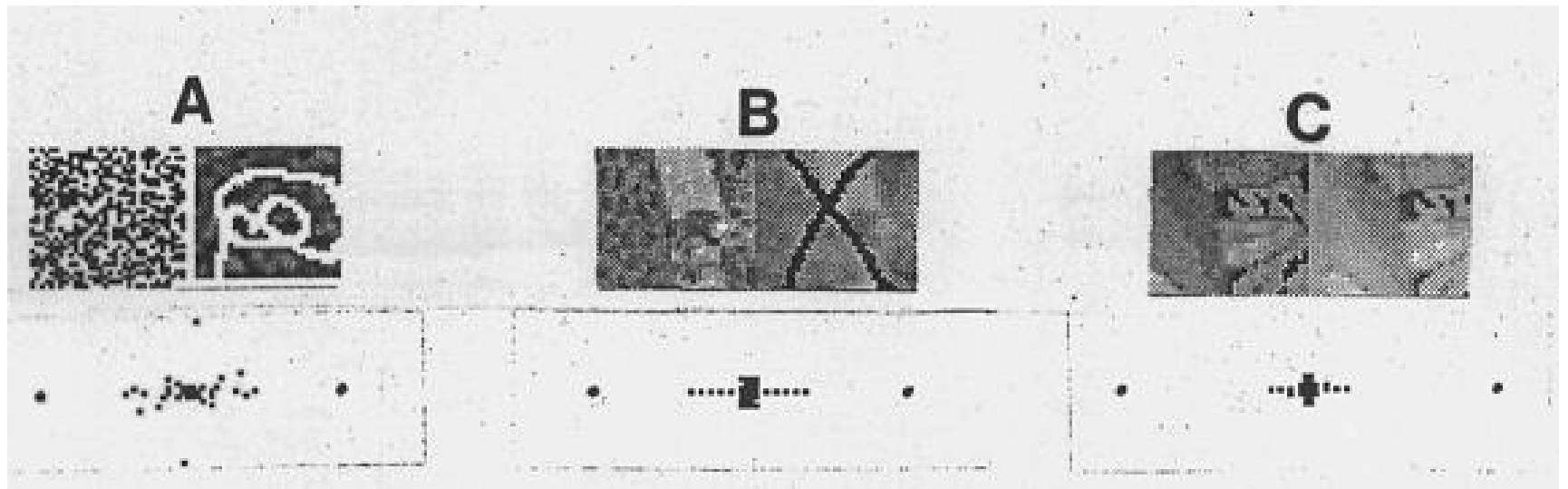




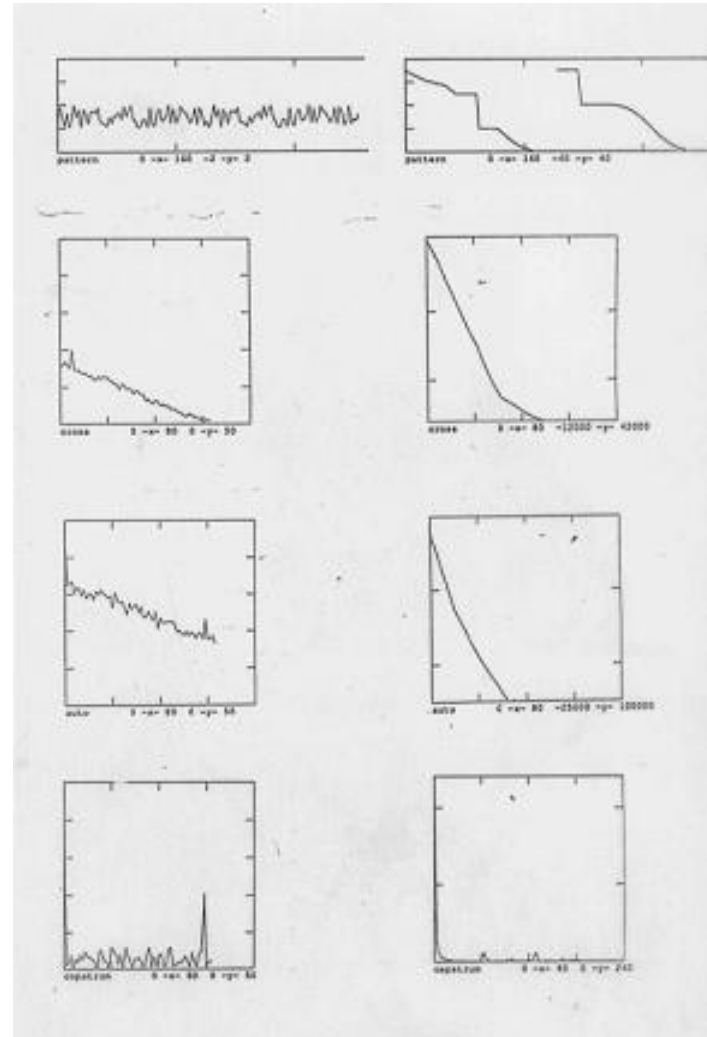
# Stereo Algorithm



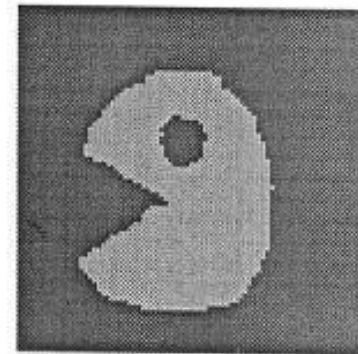
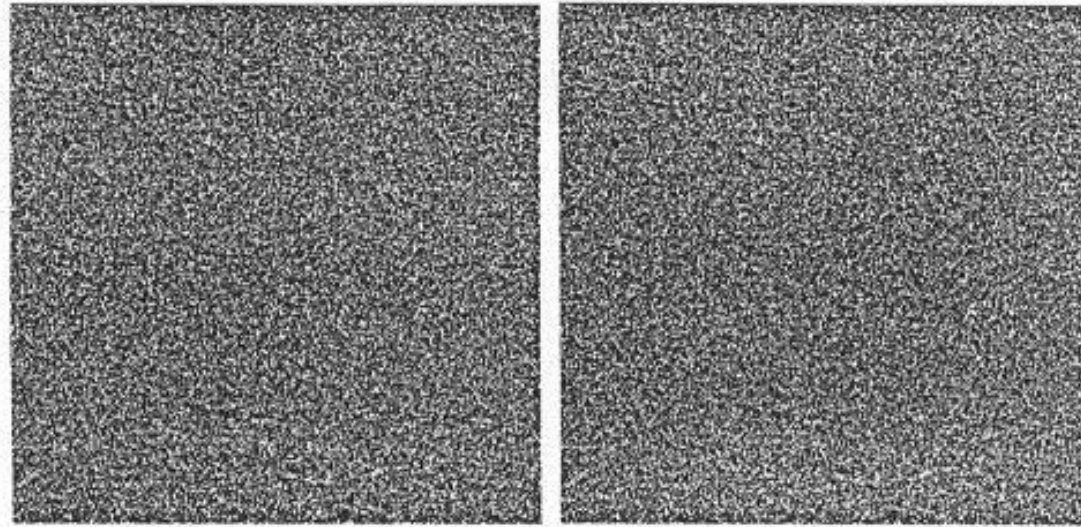
# Stereo Algorithm



# Stereo Algorithm



# Stereo Algorithm



# Computational Aspects of Cortical Anatomy

- Networks vs. Maps
- Cortical structures are bearing computational meaning
- Implementation of Log-Polar transform
- Columnar interlacing as efficient data structure for stereo segmentation