

# Assignment 5 - Geometric Optimization (0368-4144)

Due: Before the exam, in my mailbox

## Problem 1

**Smallest enclosing cylinder in the  $L_\infty$ -norm.** Let  $P$  be a set of  $n$  points in 3-space. Find a line  $\ell$  such that the maximum  $L_\infty$  distance from the points of  $P$  to  $\ell$  is minimized. (**Hint:** In fact, this is an LP-type problem!)

## Problem 2

**Smallest enclosing cylinder.** Let  $P$  be a set of  $n$  points in 3-space. Find a line  $\ell$  that *passes through the origin* such that the maximum Euclidean distance from the points of  $P$  to  $\ell$  is minimized.

(a) Give an exact algorithm: Formulate the problem in an LP-style, as minimizing an objective function subject to constraints. Then linearize the constraints, compute the feasible region and search for a minimum of the objective function.

(b) Let  $Q$  be an  $\varepsilon$ -kernel of  $P$ . Show that the radius of the smallest enclosing cylinder for  $Q$  (with its axis through the origin, as above) is a good approximation for the radius for  $P$ .

What are the consequences for an approximate algorithm?

## Problem 3

**Approximate smallest enclosing ball.** Let  $P$  be a set of  $n$  points in  $\mathbb{R}^d$ . Show that an  $\varepsilon$ -kernel  $Q \subset P$  can be used to approximate the radius of the smallest enclosing ball of  $P$ , in the sense that the radius of the smallest enclosing ball of  $Q$  is at least  $1 - O(\varepsilon)$  times that for  $P$ .