

**COMPLEXITY: Exercise No. 9**  
**due next lesson**

1. (Test 98) Show that the following problem is in **NP**  $\cap$  **coNP**:

Given an integer  $x$  (in binary encoding), does the number of prime divisors of  $x$  is a prime number?

2. Give an approximation algorithm for **MAXIMUM CLIQUE** whose ratio is  $O(n / \log n)$  where  $n$  is the number of vertices in the input graph (i.e., there is a constant  $c$  such that  $A(I) \geq \frac{c \log n}{n} OPT(I)$  for any instance  $I$ ).

3. Consider the following greedy algorithm  $A$  for **MAX KNAPSACK**:

- (a) Reorder items so that  $v_1/s_1 \geq v_2/s_2 \geq \dots \geq v_n/s_n$ .
- (b) for  $i = 1$  to  $n$  do: insert item  $i$  into the knapsack if it still fits in the remaining space.
- (c) if the largest value of a single item is larger than the value of the solution obtained in (b), take that single item as the solution instead.

Prove that  $R_A = 2$ .

4. Let  $\Pi$  be an integer-valued minimization problem and let  $\Pi_k$  be the decision problem of whether, for instance  $I$ ,  $OPT(I) \leq k$ . Prove that if  $\Pi_k$  is **NP**-complete for some constant  $k$  and  $\mathbf{P} \neq \mathbf{NP}$ , then a polynomial approximation algorithm  $A$  with  $R_A < \frac{k+1}{k}$  cannot exist.