

TOPICS IN NUMBER THEORY 2013
FINAL ASSIGNMENT
DUE DATE: JULY 21, 2013

Instructions:

You may not consult with anyone except myself.

To be handed in by July 21, 2013 either in person, in my mailbox or by email. Please keep a copy for yourself!

1. Let N_n be a sequence of numbers, with $|N_n| \leq r^n$ for some $r > 0$. Define the generating function

$$Z(u) := \exp \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} N_n \frac{u^n}{n}, \quad |u| < 1/r$$

Suppose that we know that $Z(u)$ is a rational function of the form

$$Z(u) = \frac{\prod_{j=1}^J (1 - \alpha_j u)}{\prod_{k=1}^K (1 - \beta_k u)}$$

Show that

$$N_n = \sum_{k=1}^K \beta_k^n - \sum_{j=1}^J \alpha_j^n$$

2. Let $s > 1$, $\epsilon_1, \dots, \epsilon_s \in \{\pm 1\}$ be a choice of signs, and $0 \leq a_1 < \dots < a_s$ distinct integers. For an odd prime p , let $N(p)$ be the number of residues $x \in \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ for which

$$\left(\frac{x + a_1}{p}\right) = \epsilon_1, \dots, \left(\frac{x + a_s}{p}\right) = \epsilon_s$$

where $\left(\frac{x}{p}\right)$ is the Legendre symbol. Show that

$$N(p) \sim \frac{p}{2^s}$$

as $p \rightarrow \infty$.

3. Let q be a prime power, $r > 2$, $r \mid q - 1$ and assume that -1 is an r -th power in the finite field \mathbb{F}_q .

a. Show that the number N_1^{aff} of solutions in $\mathbb{F}_q \times \mathbb{F}_q$ of the equation $x^r + y^r = 1$ is given by

$$N_1^{\text{aff}} = q + 1 - r + \sum_{\chi_1, \chi_2}^* J(\chi_1, \chi_2)$$

the sum \sum^* taken over all pairs (χ_1, χ_2) of characters of \mathbb{F}_q^\times with $\chi_1^r = \chi_2^r = \mathbf{1}$ such that $\chi_1, \chi_2, \chi_1 \cdot \chi_2 \neq \mathbf{1}$, and where

$$J(\chi_1, \chi_2) = \sum_{\substack{u \in \mathbb{F}_q \\ u \neq 0, 1}} \chi_1(u) \chi_2(1 - u)$$

is the Jacobi sum.

b. Find the number N_n^{proj} of points $(X : Y : Z) \in \mathbb{P}^2$ on the projective curve

$$C_r = \{X^r + Y^r = Z^r\} \subset \mathbb{P}^2$$

with coordinates in the degree n extension \mathbb{F}_{q^n} (including points at infinity, if any exist).

c. Show that the zeta function of C_r/\mathbb{F}_q , defined as

$$Z(C_r/\mathbb{F}_q, T) := \exp\left(\sum_{n \geq 1} N_n^{\text{proj}} \frac{T^n}{n}\right), \quad |T| < 1/q,$$

is given by

$$Z(C_r/\mathbb{F}_q, T) = \frac{\prod (1 + J(\chi_1, \chi_2)T)}{(1 - T)(1 - qT)}$$

the product over all pairs (χ_1, χ_2) of characters as in part **3.a**.

d. Prove the functional equation for $Z(T) = Z(C_r/\mathbb{F}_q, T)$:

$$Z\left(\frac{1}{qT}\right) = (qT^2)^{1-g} Z(T)$$

where $g = (r - 1)(r - 2)/2$.