

Weighted Twisted Stable Maps

(mostly joint w/ Martin Olsson)

§1 A "classical" story: GW theory of weighted stable maps no twisted yet

Recall Gromov-Witten theory:

X sm prog var \Rightarrow Gromov-Witten $\Rightarrow \langle \dots \rangle_{g,nd}^X : H^*(X)^{\otimes n} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$

depends on $\bar{M}_{g,n}(X,d)$ moduli of stable maps
 $ev_i: \bar{M}_{g,n}(X,d) \rightarrow X$

$[\bar{M}_{g,n}(X,d)]^{vir} \in A_*(\bar{M}(X))$ virtual class
 $\langle \dots \rangle = \text{push to point} ([\bar{M}(X)]^{vir} \cdot (ev_1^* \gamma_1 \dots ev_n^* \gamma_n))$

Problem: $\bar{M}_{g,n}(X,d)$ has complicated geometry.

Idea: Find a geometrically simpler compactification of an open subset of $\bar{M}_{g,n}(X,d)$ w/ $ev_i: \{ \dots \}^{vir}$

Stage 2 Alexeev-Guzy / Bayer-Manin's weighted stable maps

$\bar{M}_{g,n}(X,d) = \text{stable maps} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{prestable curve } C \xrightarrow{f} X \\ \text{with } n \text{ points } p_i \in C \end{array} \right\}$

if $\sum_{i \in I} a_i \leq 1$ disjoint sections
 each compon is stable OR f has pos degree

there are morphisms $\bar{M}_{g,n}(X,d) \xrightarrow{Q} \bar{M}_{g,n}(X,d)$

Def $\bar{M}(X) \xrightarrow{ev_i} X$
 $Q \downarrow$
 $\bar{M}_g(X) \xrightarrow{ev_i}$

Fails! For weighted twisted $[\bar{M}_g(X)]^{vir} = Q_* [\bar{M}(X)]^{vir}$

Cor GW invariants = weighted GW invariants

NOTE: $\bar{M}_{g,n}(X,d)$ is still not that simple...

Stage 3 (Maulik) - Ciocane-Fontanari-Kim's quasimap theory of big I-functions

source curve can also bubble from basepoints of f :

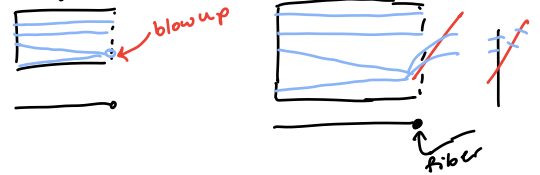
$\mathbb{P}^1 \xrightarrow{[ax^2:xy:y^2]} \mathbb{P}^2$ line bundle w/ 3 sections, not all zero

Stage 1 Hassett's weighted stable curves (the case when $X = \mathbb{P}^1$)

$\bar{M}_{g,n}(\text{pt}, \bullet) = \bar{M}_{g,n} = \text{stable curves}$
 $= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{distinct marked points} \\ \text{each component has } 2g-2 + \# \text{nodes} + \# \text{marks} > 0 \end{array} \right\}$

compactification of $M_{g,n} = \{ \dots \}$

Ex: $M_{g,n}$ is not compact:



$\bar{M}_{g,n}(\text{pt}, 0) = \bar{M}_{g,n} = \text{weighted stable curves}$
 $\downarrow (0,1)^n$

$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{if } \{s_i\}_{i \in I} \text{ coincide} \\ \text{then } \sum_{i \in I} a_i \leq 1 \\ \text{each component has } 2g-2 + \# \text{nodes} + \sum a_i > 0 \end{array} \right\}$

Ex $\bar{M}_{0,5} = \text{Bl}_{3 \text{ pts}}(\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1) \rightarrow \bar{M}_{0,5}(\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{3} 1)$

Example: $\text{Qmap}_{0,5}([\mathbb{A}^1/\text{Gm}] \times \mathbb{P}^1, (d,1))$
 $= \mathbb{P}^{(d+1)(N+1)-1} \times \underbrace{\mathbb{P}^1 \times \dots \times \mathbb{P}^1}_{n-3}$

Results: (CF-Kim)
 can use this to compute \forall GW invariants of GIT quotients

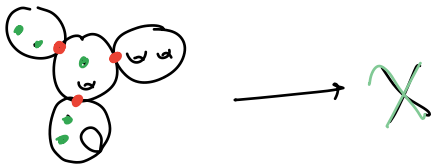
§2 Reasons to extend to orbifold setting

if you allow X to be a proper DM stack \mathcal{X} , then:

- This, physically, amounts to X have mild singularities
- Costello: $g=0$ invariants of X^n/S_n related to $g=n-1$ invariants of X

What changes when you do GW with \mathcal{X} a DM stack?

What are twisted stable maps?



$$\mathcal{C} = (C, \{s_i\}_{i=1}^n, M_s \rightarrow M'_s, \{r_i\}_{i=1}^n)$$

↑
simple inclusion of log strs

integers ≥ 1

Challenge: Find geometrically simpler compactification(s)

$$\text{of } \mathcal{M}_{g,n}(X, d) = \{ \text{curve} \rightarrow X \}$$

w/ ev_i 's, $[\]^{vir}$

and relate new weighted twisted GW invariants to old.

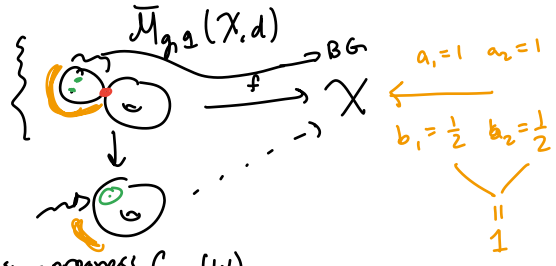
§ 3 Theorems making progress toward this challenge

Thm A (Olsson-W) There are algebraic stacks of weighted stable generalized log twisted curves and contraction morphisms $\mathcal{M}_{g,a}^{wt} \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_{g,b}^{wt}$ $b \leq a$

Thm B (Olsson-W) There are proper

algebraic stacks of weighted twisted stable maps to X and contraction morphisms for any $b \leq a$

$$\overline{\mathcal{M}}_{g,a}^{cont}(X, d) \rightarrow \overline{\mathcal{M}}_{g,b}(X, d)$$



Thm-in-progress C (W)

$\overline{\mathcal{M}}_{g,a}(X, d)$ have evaluation maps \int virtual classes.
 \Rightarrow Can define GW.

Conjecture D (\dots , based on a theorem of Bayer-Cadman $X = \mathbb{C}^N / \mu_r$)
 If $b \leq a$
 $[\overline{\mathcal{M}}_{g,a}^{cont}(X, d)]^{vir} = Q^* [\overline{\mathcal{M}}_{g,b}(X, d)]^{vir}$ (explicit formula in terms of ψ & divisor class)